

Valuation range: PLN 1,638-1,931 mn

Strong margins, high profits

Due to the upgraded financial forecasts for 2021-2026, we are increasing the valuation range for Asbis to PLN 1,638-1,931m. Our updated forecasts assume higher sales and profitability than previously anticipated. We assume EBITDA in 2021 at USD 110m (+79% y/y), in 2022: USD 106m (-4% y/y), in 2023: USD 104m (-2% y/y).

Very good results for H1 2021; strong sales in July

The company reported very good results for H1 2021 (revenue +60% y/y, net profit +538% y/y, record-breaking gross margin: 6.4% in Q1 '21, 6.9% in Q2 '21; vs. 5.1% in Q1 '20 and 5.8% in Q2 '20). Strong sales were also reported in July (+26% y/y). We assume that sales will slow down in the later months of the year, mainly due to a high base.

Forecast upgrades

In late August, the company decided to raise its forecasts for 2021. Asbis expects revenue to reach USD 2.9-3.1bn in 2021 (forecast from March: USD 2.7-2.9bn), and net profit to reach a hefty USD 71-74m (previously: USD 47-51m). We assume that the company will achieve USD 3.2bn in revenue and USD 71m in net profit this year, which is in line with Asbis's estimates. The significant upward revision to net profit forecasts despite a relatively modest increase in revenue forecasts is a result of record-high gross margins. However, we believe it may be difficult to maintain such a high margin in the long run, and we expect it to normalize in the coming years.

Strong consumer as the main sales growth driver

In our opinion, the sales support related to the increase in demand for remote work/ learning equipment has weakened, and the current momentum is driven by strong demand for consumer goods. High demand, together with component shortages faced by the ICT equipment market, is resulting in higher prices and margins.

We assume a record-high dividend

We assume that the company's cash position will allow it to pay out a record-high dividend from this year's profits (we assume a dividend of USD 0.57 per share; including USD 0.17 DPS as an interim dividend to be paid this year).

	2019	2020	2021F	2022F	2023F
Revenues	1,914.9	2,366.4	3,181.1	3,499.2	3,604.2
EBITDA	37.2	61.4	109.9	105.5	103.5
EBIT	33.2	57.1	105.1	99.4	97.0
Net profit	15.3	36.5	70.8	65.7	65.0
P/E	30.3	23.8	10.0	5.2	5.5
EV/EBITDA	11.4	12.7	8.7	5.3	5.6
FCF	15.9	-72.5	-3.2	32.8	63.0
CAPEX	2.9	4.4	14.8	11.5	8.2
Source: Company, PKO Securities	es				

Key data

Stock price (PLN)	27.25
Number of shares	55.5
Market Cap (PLN mn)	1,512
Free float	63%
Free float (PLN mn)	953
EV 2020 (USD mn)	600
Net debt 2020 (USD mn)	214
Bloomberg	ASB PW Equity
ISIN	CY1000031710

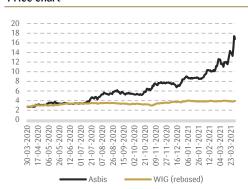
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Major shareholders

KS Holdings Ltd	37%
-	-
-	-
-	-

Price chart



Analyst

Alicja Zaniewska
(+48) 22 580 33 68
alicja.zaniewska@pkobp.pl

Address:

7,001 033.	
PKO Securities	
ul. Puławska 15	
02-515 Warszawa	



DCF model

Our valuation is based on the DCF model. Additionally, we have presented a comparative valuation, taking into consideration companies from the retail sector. The DCF model consists of two phases. In the first phase, for the years 2021-2026F, we forecast in detail all the key parameters required for company valuation, in particular the value of revenue, capital expenditure, cost level and balance sheet items. The second stage will begin after 2026F. In it, we have assumed a constant free cash flow growth rate at a level of 1.0% per year. We have applied a WACC-based discount rate. The risk-free rate has been adopted at 1.5%. Beta has been assumed at 2.0x (substantial sensitivity to declining margins, uncertain outlook for demand, F/X exposure). We have adopted an equity risk premium of 5.5%. We have discounted all free cash flows for the company as at 31 December 2021 and deducted net debt.

DCE model						
DCF model mUSD	2021F	2022F	2023F	2024F	2025F	2026F
EBIT	105.1	99.4	97.0	94.4	95.3	92.5
Tax rate	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%	19.0%
NOPLAT	85.1	80.6	78.6	76.4	77.2	74.9
CAPEX	-14.8	-11.5	-8.2	-8.3	-8.5	-8.7
D&A	5.1	6.0	6.5	6.8	7.0	7.3
Changes in WC	78.7	42.4	13.9	4.7	4.9	-0.1
FCF	-3.2	32.8	63.0	70.1	70.8	73.6
WACC		10.1%	10.2%	10.4%	10.5%	10.8%
Discount ratio		0.91	0.82	0.75	0.68	0.61
DFCF		29.7	27.0	47.1	47.4	43.2
Revenues dynamics in 2026		-9.0%	-3.0%	3.0%	9.0%	
3	5.55%	1,376	1,396	1,416	1,436	
	5.85%	1,602	1,638	1,674	1,709	
Gross margin in 2026	6.15%	1,828	1,880	1,931	1,982	
5	6.45%	2,054	2,121	2,188	2,254	

Souce: PKO BP Securities

Valuation range (mn PLN)

Our DCF valuation indicates 12-month forward valuation range between PLN 1,638-1,931mn.

1638-1931



Peer comparison

The comparative valuation indicates that in the case of assuming the forecasts of PKO BP Securities, Asbis is traded at a discount in terms of P/E and EV/EBITDA.

In our view, AB is the best peer for Asbis, due to the direct competition in the CEE region (Poland, Czech Republic, and Slovakia).

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		P/E		EV/EBITDA			Dividend yield
Company	2021F	2022F	2023F	2021F	2022F	2023F	(%)
AB SA	7.8	7.0	6.4	6.2	5.7	5.4	0.7
AVNET INC	15.5	8.5	8.3	9.9	6.2	6.4	2.5
ARROW ELECTRONICS INC	8.4	7.9	8.0	6.3	6.0	6.4	-
ELECTROCOMPONENTS PLC	36.3	26.7	23.4	22.7	16.9	15.1	1.5
WPG HOLDINGS LTD	7.7	8.3	9.2	12.7	13.0	13.0	-
REDINGTON INDIA LTD	16.3	10.8	9.5	6.9	5.5	4.9	-
DIGITAL CHINA GROUP CO LTD-A	13.2	10.2	7.8	13.8	11.4	9.3	-
ALSO HOLDING AG-REG	20.7	18.6	16.9	12.7	11.6	10.7	-
INSIGHT ENTERPRISES INC	13.3	11.9	10.9	9.3	8.5	-	-
DATATEC LTD	23.3	17.9	13.3	4.3	3.6	3.2	2.1
MEDIAN	14.4	10.5	9.3	9.6	7.3	6.4	1.8
Asbis (PKO BP Securities)	5.5	5.9	6.0	5.5	5.8	5.8	5.3
Premium/discount to PKO BP Securities forecast	-62%	-44%	-36%	-43%	-20%	-11%	201%

Source: based on Bloomberg consensus, PKO BP Securities

Asbis: Summary of comparative valuation

	2021F	2022F	2023F	Average 2021-2023F
Asbis net profit forecast (USDm)	70.8	65.7	65.0	
Asbis EBITDA forecast (USDm)	109.9	105.5	103.5	
Peer companies: P/E median	14.4	10.5	9.3	
Asbis Valuation (PLNm)	3,975.5	2,691.8	2,371.5	3,012.9
Peer companies: EV/EBITDA median	9.6	7.3	6.4	
Asbis Valuation (PLNm)	3,279.4	2,131.5	1,786.0	2,399.0

Source: Bloomberg, PKO Securities



Profit and loss account	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021F	2022F	2023F	2024F
Sales of products, goods and materials	1,484.9	2,069.6	1,914.9	2,366.4	3,181.1	3,499.2	3,604.2	3,640.2
Costs of sold products, goods and materials	-1,408.2	-1,971.5	-1,810.7	-2,228.2	-2,970.3	-3,277.8	-3,381.6	-3,419.0
Gross profit on sales	76.7	98.1	104.1	138.3	210.8	221.4	222.6	221.2
ЕВІТОА	25.7	31.9	37.2	61.4	109.9	105.5	103.5	101.1
Selling costs	-34.7	-46.0	-42.9	-48.5	-65.8	-73.5	-75.7	-76.4
General administrative expenses	-17.6	-22.7	-28.1	-33.1	-40.1	-49.0	-50.5	-51.0
Other operating income	-1.0	-0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.6	0.6
Operating profit	23.4	29.3	33.2	57.1	105.1	99.4	97.0	94.4
Financial expenses net	-14.4	-14.2	-14.2	-12.4	-17.4	-18.3	-16.8	-14.4
Pre-tax profit	9.0	15.1	19.0	44.7	87.7	81.1	80.3	79.9
Income tax	-2.1	-3.1	-3.7	-8.2	-16.9	-15.4	-15.2	-15.2
Net profit (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net Profit (loss)	7.0	12.0	15.3	36.5	70.8	65.7	65.0	64.7
Balance Sheet	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021F	2022F	2023F	2024F
Fixed assets	28.4	29.2	33.3	37.1	47.4	53.1	54.8	56.5
Intangible assets	3.2	3.1	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Tangible assets	24.5	25.3	29.7	32.7	42.4	47.8	49.5	51.1
Other long-term assets	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.9	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.0
Current assets	495.6	474.6	599.5	751.8	920.3	1,013.4	1,044.4	1,055.2
Inventories	145.0	180.2	266.0	277.6	311.9	344.2	355.1	359.0
Receivables	238.2	174.6	212.2	295.8	381.7	419.9	432.5	436.8
Other long-term assets	19.0	18.4	17.6	19.5	26.3	28.9	29.8	30.1
Cash and cash equivalents	93.4	101.4	103.7	158.9	200.4	220.5	227.1	229.3
Total Assets	523.9	503.8	632.8	788.9	967.7	1,066.5	1,099.2	1,111.7
Equity capital	94.5	99.2	108.2	135.6	185.8	220.3	255.8	291.3
Liabilities	429.5	404.6	524.6	653.3	782.0	846.2	843.4	820.3
Long-term liabilities	0.6	0.7	4.5	6.8	8.0	8.7	8.3	7.6
Loans and borrowings	0.2	0.1	3.3	5.7	6.6	7.1	6.7	6.0
Trade liabilities and other	0.4	0.6	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6
Short-term liabilities	428.9	403.9	520.1	646.5	773.9	837.6	835.2	812.8
Loans and borrowings	136.5	146.6	136.3	212.4	258.0	277.8	260.6	232.9
Trade liabilities and other	253.0	208.1	321.3	336.0	415.8	458.9	473.4	478.7
Other	39.3	49.2	62.6	98.1	100.1	100.9	101.1	101.2
Total Equity & Liabilities	523.9	503.8	632.8	788.9	967.7	1,066.5	1,099.2	1,111.7
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This report was drafted against remuneration at the individual request of ASBISc Enterprises PLC .



Cash flow	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021F	2022F	2023F	2024F
Operating cash flow	42.1	18.7	33.6	41.9	52.4	65.2	83.3	87.4
Investment cash flow	-2.1	-3.1	-3.6	-4.8	-14.8	-11.5	-8.2	-8.3
Financial cash flow	-0.6	-3.4	-9.7	-1.8	-100.3	-48.6	-73.4	-78.4
Other	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021F	2022F	2023F	2024F
DPS	0.03	0.11	0.11	0.17	0.37	0.56	0.53	0.53
Net debt	108.6	116.2	108.5	170.4	213.7	228.9	209.6	180.6



Artur Iwański	(Head of Equities)	(+48 22) 521 79 31	artur.iwanski@pkobp.pl
Equity Research Department			
Tomasz Kasowicz	(head of research, oil & gas, chemicals)	(+48 22) 521 79 41	tomasz.kasowicz@pkobp.pl
Robert Brzoza	(financial sector, strategy)	(+48 22) 521 51 56	robert.brzoza@pkobp.pl
Dawid Górzyński	(pharmaceuticals, food & agri)	(+48 22) 521 97 69	dawid.gorzynski@pkobp.pl
Piotr Łopaciuk	(gaming, industrials)	(+48 22) 521 48 12	piotr.lopaciuk@pkobp.pl
Andrzej Rembelski	(utilities, mining)	(+48 22) 521 79 03	andrzej.rembelski@pkobp.pl
Adrian Skłodowski	(retail & wholesale)	(+48 22) 521 87 23	adrian.sklodowski@pkobp.pl
Jaromir Szortyka	(banks, insurances, financial sector)	(+48 22) 580 39 47	jaromir.szortyka@pkobp.pl
Alicja Zaniewska	(equity research)	(+48 22) 580 33 68	alicja.zaniewska@pkobp.pl
Piotr Zybała	(construction, real estate)	(+48 22) 521 53 91	piotr.zybala@pkobp.pl
Małgorzata Żelazko	(telecommunication, media)	(+48 22) 521 52 04	malgorzata.zelazko@pkobp.pl
Investment Advisory and Technical Ar	nalusis Department		
Emil Łobodziński	(Investment Advisor)	(+48 22) 521 89 13	emil.lobodzinski@pkobp.pl
Paweł Małmyga	(technical analysis)	(+48 22) 521 65 73	pawel.malmyga@pkobp.pl
Przemysław Smoliński	(technical analysis)	(+48 22) 521 79 10	przemyslaw.smolinski2@pkobp.pl
Institutional Sales Department	(head of sales trading)	(+48 22) 521 91 33	harmantaf limba ali@aliaba al
Krzysztof Kubacki Marcin Borciuch	` 3,	(+48 22) 521 91 33	krzysztof.kubacki@pkobp.pl
	(sales trader)	* *	marcin.borciuch@pkobp.pl
Maciej Kałuża	(trader)	(+48 22) 521 91 50	maciej.kaluza@pkobp.pl
Igor Szczepaniec	(sales trader)	(+48 22) 521 65 41	igor.szczepaniec@pkobp.pl
Michał Sergejev	(head of sales)	(+48 22) 521 82 14	michal.sergejev@pkobp.pl
Piotr Dedecjus	(sales)	(+48 22) 521 91 40	piotr.dedecjus@pkobp.pl
Szymon Kubka	(sales)	(+48 22) 521 82 10	szymon.kubka@pkobp.pl

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Explanation of the specialist terminology used

min (max) 52 weeks: minimum (maximum) of the market share price during the previous 52 weeks Capitalisation: product of the share market price and the number of shares EV: sum of the company's capitalisation and net debt

Disclaimer



free float (%): share of the total number of shares decreased by 5% stakes held by one shareholder and own shares held by the company in the total number of shares Average trading/month: average trading per month calculated as total trading value over previous 12 months divided by 12

ROE: rate of return on equity

ROA: rate of return on assets

EBIT: operating profit

EBITDA: operating profit + depreciation and amortization

EPS: earnings per share

ESG: a non-financial measure used for evaluating companies on how advanced they are with sustainability. It consists of environmental, social, and governance factors. The more sustainable business, the higher the PKO Securities ranking (score scale: 1-10).

DPS: dividend per 1 share

CEPS: sum of net profit and depreciation and amortization per 1 share

P/E: quotient of share market price and EPS

P/BV: quotient of share market price and book value of one share EV/EBITDA: quotient of capitalisation increased by the company's net debt and EBITDA

Gross sales margin: relation of gross sales profit to net sales proceeds

EBITDA margin: relation of the sum of operating profit and depreciation to net sales proceeds

EBIT margin: relation of operating profit to net sales proceeds

Net profitability: relation of net profit to net sales proceeds

Valuation methods applied

A PKO BP Securities valuation is based on at least two out of four valuation methods: DCF (discounted cash flow model), ratio analysis method (comparing the values of basic market ratios with similar ratios of other companies representing a given sector), sum of the parts of assets method (SOTP) and discounted dividends model. A disadvantage of the DCF and the discounted dividends model is their high sensitivity to adopted assumptions, including, in particular, those pertaining to determining the residual value. Furthermore, the discounted dividends model cannot be applied to the valuation of companies without a determined dividend policy. The advantages of both these methods include their independence from current market valuations of peer companies. On the other hand, the advantage of the ratio analysis is the fact that it is based on a measurable market valuation of a given sector. Its disadvantage lies in the risk that at any given time, the market might not value peer companies correctly. The sum of the parts method (SOTP) consists in summing up the values of various assets of the company, calculated using one of the above methods.

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Reservation Asbis 3, 4, 5

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- PKO BP Securities has the role of market animator for the Issuer's financial instruments under the terms stipulated in the Regulations of the Warsaw Stock Exchange 3.
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- 6. at least 5% of share capital

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This Analysis has been drafted subject to due diligence to the best knowledge of the Recommending Entity; there exist no other connections between PKO BP Securities and the analyst drafting this Analysis on one part and the Issuer on the other.

The time and date stipulated on the front page of the report are the time and date of completing the process of drafting the Analysis.

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Whenever this Analysis quotes a price for the financial instrument, it will be understood as the closing price from the last trading day